

Basic Calculus - sample

1. Calculate explicitly the function $f(x) = \sum_{n=0}^N e^{-xn}$

(a) $f(x) = \frac{1 - e^{-xN}}{1 + e^{-x}}$

(b) $f(x) = \frac{1 + e^{-x(N+1)}}{1 - e^{-x}}$

(c) $f(x) = \frac{1 - e^{-x(N+1)}}{1 - e^{-x}}$

(d) $f(x) = \frac{1 - e^{-xN}}{1 - e^{-x}}$

The correct answer is (b)

2. Choose the correct derivative of $f(x) = \frac{1}{2} \ln(\tan x)$

(a) $f'(x) = \frac{1}{\sin 2x}$

(b) $f'(x) = \frac{1}{\tan 2x}$

(c) $f'(x) = \frac{1}{\cos 2x}$

(d) $f'(x) = \tan 2x$

The correct answer is (a)

3. What is the correct limit of $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln(x^2 + x + 1)}{x + 2x^2}$

(a) 0

(b) $+\infty$

(c) 1

(d) $\frac{1}{2}$

The correct answer is (c)

4. Using Taylor's expansion, expand the function $f(x) = e^{(1-x)^2}$ at $x = 1$ to the second order in x .

(a) $1 + x + \frac{1}{2}x^2$

(b) $1 + (1-x) + \frac{1}{2}(1-x)^2$

(c) $2 - 2x + x^2$

(d) $-2(1-x)e^{(1-x)^2}$

The correct answer is (b)

5. Find the exponential form of

$$\left(\frac{-4}{\sqrt{3}+i}\right)^{19}$$

(a) $-e^{19i\pi/6}$

(b) $-4^{19} \left(e^{5i\pi/6}\right)^{19}$

(c) $2^{19} e^{95i\pi/6}$

(d) $-4^{19} e^{95i\pi/6}$

The correct answer is (c)

6. What can you say about the function $f(x) = |x|$

(a) $f(x)$ and $f'(x)$ are both discontinuous

(b) $f(x)$ is discontinuous and $f'(x)$ is continuous

(c) $f(x)$ and $f'(x)$ are both continuous

(d) $f(x)$ is continuous and $f'(x)$ is discontinuous

The correct answer is (d)